

1. ZAREMBOK, G.V.; GOL'YANOVA, V.V.
2. UGSR (600)
4. Faucets
7. Stopper spigot for high pressures, G.V. Zarembok, V.V. Gol'yanova, Mast.-zhir. prom. 18 no. 4, 1953.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, APRIL 1953, Uncl.

ZAREMBOWSKI, Włodzimierz

Peroral cholecystocholedochography. Polski przegl. radiol. 25 no.1:
81-100 '61.

l. Z Zakladu Radiologii Centr. Szpitala Klin. M.S.W. Kier.: doc. dr
W. Trzetrzewinski.

(CHOLECYSTOGRAPHY)

ZAREMBOWSKI, Włodzimierz

A case of polypoid cholesterolosis of the gallbladder. Polski
przegl.radiol. 25 no.3:273-277 My-Je '61.

1. Z Zakładu Radiologii Centralnego Klinicznego Szpitala MSW
Kierownik: doc. dr med. W. Trzetrzeński.

(GALLBLADDER neopl) (POLYPI radiog)

ZAREMBOWSKI, Włodzimierz

Possibilities and importance of radiophotography in the
diagnosis of thoracic diseases. Wiad. lek. 18 no.14:
1143-1149 15 Jl '65.

L. z Zakladu Radiologii Centralnego Szpitala Klin.
Ministerstwa Spraw Wewnętrznych (Kierownik: doc. dr. med.
W. Trzetrzewinski) i ze Stacji Radiofotograficznej Pomidni
Przeciwgruzlicznej Zespolu Profilaktyczno-Leczniczego dla
Studentow (Kierownik: dr. med. W. Zarembowski).

PALISHANKO, I.A.; RUDAKOV, V.V.; ZAREMBSKIY, R.A.

Possibility of repeated use of zymosan to obtain the serum protein
properdin. Lab.delo 5 no.5:23-25 S-O '59. (MIRA 12:12)

1. Iz kafedry biokhimii (nach. - prof. G.Ye. Vladimirov) Voyenno-
meditsinskoy ordena Lenina akademii imeni S.M. Kirova.
(ZYMOSAN) (PROPERDIN)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001963820008-4

ZAREMBSKIY, R.A.; IVANOV, I.I.

First All-Union Biochemical Congress and the problems of
modern biochemistry. Usp. sovr. biol. 58 no. 2:307-320
(MIRA 17:12)
S-O '64.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001963820008-4"

IVANOV, I.I.; KREPS, Ye.M.; ZAREMSKIY, R.A., kand. med. nauk
First All-Union Biochemical Conference. Vest. AN SSSR 34
no.5:144-148 My '64. (MIRA 17:6)
1. Chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR (for Ivanov). 2. Chlen-
korrespondent AN SSSR (for Kreps).

ZAREMSKI, D.

COUNTRY : Yugoslavia
CATEGORY : Farm Animals. Cattle. 2-3
ABS. JOUR. : PZH Biol., No. 4, 1959, No. 16695
AUTHOR : Zaremski, Danijel
INST. : Belgrade University.
TITLE : The Effect of Antibiotics on the Growth of
Cattle.
ORIG. PUB. : Poljoprivredno zdravstvo, No. 3 Beograd, 1957, 5,
No 1, 117-123
ABSTRACT : No abstract.

CARD:

1/1

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001963820008-4

ZARENIN, V.A.

Many-layered panels for the roofs of industrial buildings.
Prom. stroi. 41 no.5:18-22 My '64. (MIRA 18:11)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001963820008-4"

89676

S/187/60/000/006/001/001
A189/A026

6.3000 (1051,1106,1138)

AUTHOR: Zarenin, Yu. G.

TITLE: Feedback as a Method of Correcting the Frequency Characteristics of Electromechanical Light Modulators

PERIODICAL: Tekhnika kino i televizionnyi, 1960, No. 6, pp. 33-44

TEXT: The author analyzes the frequency characteristic of electromechanical light modulators and suggests the use of a feedback method as described by G. V. Braude (Ref. 3). The linear channel of the electromechanical light modulator may be represented by the differential equation:

$$\{Lmp^3 + [Lr + (R_i + R)m]p^2 + [(R_i + R)r + LS + M^2]p + (R_i + R) \cdot S\}x = M \cdot e^{(1)}$$

where: p - differential operator; x - displacement of the mechanical system; e - electromotive force of the power source; m - electromechanical coupling factor; L - inductance of the galvanometer electric circuit; R - effective resistance of the galvanometer electric circuit; m - mass of the galvanometer moving system; r - friction of the galvanometer moving system;

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89678

S/187/60/000/006/001/001
A189/A026

Feedback as a Method of Correcting the Frequency Characteristics of Electro-mechanical Light Modulators

S - elasticity of the galvanometer moving system; and R_1 - internal resistance of the power source. Starting with this equation, the author proves the theoretical possibility of applying feedback to control the frequency characteristic of the system. Experimental investigations were conducted with a model, shown in Figure 1, and with a 4D-1 (4D-1) mirror galvanometer produced by the Zavod "Lenkinap" ("Lenkinap" Plant). The model consists of (1) galvanometer, (2) illuminating system, (3) photoelement with slit aperture, (4) preamplifier, (5) instrument for measuring the amplitude of output signal, (6) feedback signal-shaping unit, (7) output amplifier, (8) instrument for measuring the depth of feedback, (9) audio-frequency generator, and (10) unit providing the required modulator feed according to the direct feedback signal. Results of experimental investigations are represented in 8 graphs. Based on these results, the author states that the feedback method permits to control the equation coefficients of the system and it can also be successfully applied to frequency correction of industrial galvanometers. There are 8 graphs, 1 block diagram, 1 circuit diagram, and 4 Soviet references.

Card 2/3

89678

S/187/60/000/006/001/001
A169/A026

Feedback as a Method of Correcting the Frequency Characteristics of Electro-mechanical Light Modulators

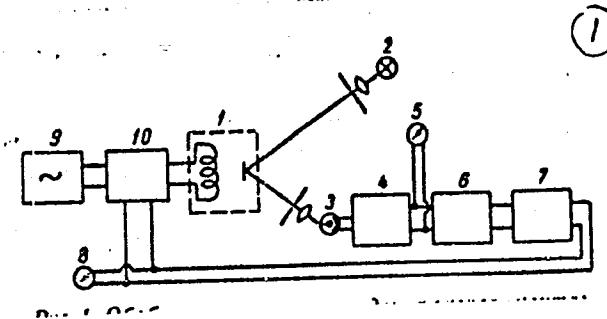


Figure 1:
Block diagram of experimental arrangement

Card 3/3

16.9500

78172
SOV/103-21-3-18/21

AUTHOR:

Zarenin, Yu. G. (Kiev)

TITLE:

On the Theory of Linear Systems of the Third Order

PERIODICAL:

Avtomatika i telemekhanika, 1960, Vol 21, № 3,
pp 417-419 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The paper investigates the amplitude-frequency characteristics of linear systems described by the following differential equation of the third order:

$$(Ap^3 + Bp^2 + Cp + D)q = \psi \quad (1)$$

where p is a differentiation operator; ψ is an instantaneous value at the output of the system; ψ is the instantaneous value of the input signal; A , B , C , and D are constant coefficients. After dividing Eq. (1) by A the new coefficients are designated a , b , c , and d , thus obtaining:

$$(p^3 + ap^2 + bp + c)q = d\psi \quad (2)$$

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On the Theory of Linear Systems of
the Third Order

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SOV/103-21-3-18/21

Thereby the equation of the amplitude-frequency
characteristic is:

$$K(\omega) = \left| \frac{d}{H(j\omega)} \right| = \frac{J}{\sqrt{(c - a\omega^2)^2 + (b\omega - \omega^2)^2}}. \quad (3)$$

After a single differentiation of the expression under
the root sign in the denominator of Eq. (3), and intro-
ducing designations:

$$b^2 - 2ac = N \quad & \quad 2b - a^2 = R, \quad (4)$$

the polynomium:

$$3\omega^3 - 2R\omega^2 + N\omega = 0, \quad (5)$$

is obtained, the roots of which are:

$$\omega_1 = 0, \quad \omega_{2,3,4,5} = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \sqrt{R \pm \sqrt{R^2 - 3N}}. \quad (6)$$

It is shown that in accordance with Eq. (6) three types of
frequency characteristics are possible. This is illustrated

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On the Theory of Linear Systems of
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in Fig. 1, where the dotted lines indicate the theoretically

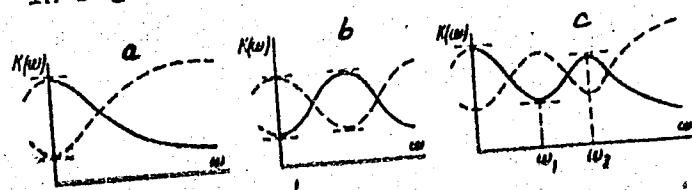


Fig. 1

possible but practically not applicable frequency characteristics. A diagram with N, R coordinates, shown in Fig. 2, is convenient for the practical application of the results obtained. There are 3 figures; and 1 Soviet reference.

SUBMITTED:

September 28, 1959

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On the Theory of Linear Systems of
the Third Order

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SOV/103-21-3-18/21

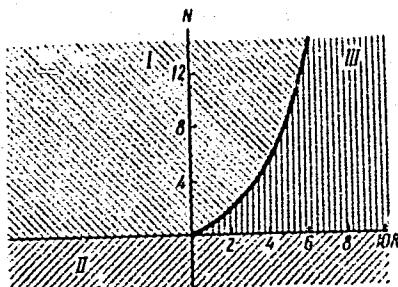


Fig. 2. (I) Region of one extreme; (II) region
of two extremes; (III) region of three
extremes.

Card 4/4

ZARENIN, Yu.G. [Zarenin, Iu.H.], starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik, kand.
tekhn.nauk

Tomorrow of the automation. Nauka i zhyttia 11 no.12:10-11
(MIRA 15:2)
D '61. (Automation)

S/142/62/005/003/004/009
E140/E435

6.9600
AUTHORS: Geranin, V.A., Zarenin, Yu.G., Karnsvskiy, M.I.
TITLE: Redistribution of signal probabilities in systems
for the transmission and processing of information
PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Radiotekhnika,

v.5, no.3, 1962, 339-346

TEXT: The problem frequently arises of transforming the probability distribution of a signal in transmission or in information processing, for example in employing the Monte Carlo method. The authors attempt to solve the problem of specifying the transmission characteristics of a converter, given the input and output probability distributions, for which they know no published solution. A.I. Kitov and N.A. Krinitzkiy (Elektronnyye tsifrovyye mashiny i programmirovaniye, Fizmatgiz, 1959) have attempted to solve the special case where the input distribution is uniform but their work is inaccurate. The present work uses the mathematical apparatus developed in probability theory for the related problem of the functional transformation of continuous

VB

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E140/E435

Redistribution of signal ...

random quantities, reducing to the determination of the probability distribution of a given random function if the distribution of the argument is known. The solution of the problem is given by a differential equation. Illustrations are furnished by the transformation of "truncated normal" distribution to uniform and the reverse transformation. While the method is not directly applicable to discrete distributions, a method due to A.A.Kharkevich (Ocherki obshchey teorii svyazi. (Outline of a general theory of communications), GITTL, 1955). is recommended. There are 5 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Kafedra akustiki i zvukotekhniki, Kiyevskiy ordena Lenina politekhnicheskiy institut (Acoustics and Sound Engineering Department, Kiyev Order of Lenin Polytechnical Institute)

SUBMITTED: November 10, 1960

Card 2/2

YEVTEUKHOVA, T.A.; ZARENIN, Yu.G.; MUZYCHUK, V.T.

Method for the realization of the external language of a special-purpose electronic digital computer for the solution of a specific class of logical problems. Avtom. i prib. no. 26-30 (MTR) 16:12
O-D '63.

1. Institut avtomatiki Gosplana UkrSSR.

GATKIN, Natan Grigor'yevich, kand. tekhn. nauk; GERANIN, Vsevolod Aleksandrovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; KARNOVSKIY, Mark Il'ich, doktor tekhn. nauk; ZARENIN, Yu.G., kand. tekhn. nauk, retsenzent; SKUBCHENKO, S.A., inzh., red.; BEREZOVYY, V.N., tekhn. red.

[Integrators in measuring systems] Integratory v sistemakh izmerenia. Kiev, Gostekhizdat USSR, 1963. 138 p.
(MIRA 17:1)

(Radio measurements) (Radio filters)
(Pulse circuits)

L-8160-55 D-17(a)/EEG(X)-2/EM-2/END(1) PA-14/PD-4/PQ-14/Pac-1
 1554/PK-4 TSP(c) ER/GG BOOK EXPLOITATION
 AM5004018

Zararin, Yury Henrikovich (Candidate of Technical Sciences);
 Iresov, Viktor Leont'yevich (Doctor of Technical Sciences)

Codes in technology (Kody v tekhnike). Kiev, Vyd-vo "Tekhnika",
 1964. 0250 p. illus., bibliog. Errata slip inserted. 540 copies
 printed.

TOPIC TAGS: data processing, information processing, digital computer, information transfer, coding method, transfer reliability, error detecting codes, error correcting code, no excess binary code, discrete code, analog code, telemetry code, code conversion

PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: This book is intended for use by engineers working in the field of information processing, telecommunications, telemetry and computer design. It may also be used by scientists in related fields and students in advanced courses on these subjects. The book deals with coding and decoding methods applied to information processing and transfer. It emphasizes those encoders that speed up information transfer. Available published data on

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 B+1

T-36160-65

AM5004019

are cited. Chapters I to III deal with the fundamental principles of coding theory. The problems, methods, and forms of coding which have been adopted in communications, telemechanics, and computer engineering are described in the remaining chapters.

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PARAGRAPH 6 IS NOT EXACTLY CODED WITH AN ERROR-CORRECTING

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001963820008-4

AM5004018

SUB CODE: BP SUBMITTED: 10 Apr 64 MR REF Sov 030

OTHER: 013

Card 6/5

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001963820008-4"

ZARENIN, Yu.G.; SHCHECHKIN, Ye.S., inzh., red.

[Error correcting codes for the transmission and processing of information] Korrektiruiushchie kody dlja pere-dachi i pererabotki informatsii. Kiev, Tekhnika, 1965.
169 p. (MIRA 19:1)

L 25647-66 ENT(d)/EEC(k)-2/T/EWP(1) IJP(c) BS/GG

ACC NR: AM6C99814

Monograph

UR/

Zarenin, YUriy Genrikhovich (Candidate of Technical Sciences)

Error-correcting codes for data transmission and processing /⁶⁰
(Korrektiruyushchiye kody dlya peredachi i pererabotki informatsii)
Kiev, Izd-vo "Tekhnika", 1965. 169 p. bibliogr., tables.
6300 copies printed.

TOPIC TAGS: data processing, error correcting code, logic circuit,
arithmetic unit, information storage and retrieval

PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: This book is intended for technical personnel concerned with the production and utilization of digital automation systems and computers. It can also be of use to students in advanced correspondence courses of schools of higher education. The book reviews the correcting codes, (i.e., error-detecting and error-correcting codes) as a universal method which can be utilized in designing systems for arbitrary data processing. The concepts of processing and of automation in processing are determined, and ways of describing them are discussed. Error-correcting codes for the three most widely used types of processing, i.e., storage, arithmetic, and logical operations, are reviewed. The theoretical possibilities, the design methods and the quality evaluation of error-correcting

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codes are reviewed. The author thanks Doctor of Technical Sciences
V. L. Inosov for his advice.

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3. Correction of errors in addition, subtraction and multiplication

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SUB CODE: 09 / SUBM DATE: 21 Oct 65 / ORIG REF: 015 / OTH REF: 024 /

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D 19457-65 Pb-4 SSD/AFWL/AFETR/AMD/ESD(c)/ESD(GS)

ACCESSION NR: AP5000765

S/0238/04/010/006/0815/0318

AUTHOR: Zarenina, I. L.

TITLE: The effect of television screens on some functions of the visual analyzer

SOURCE: Fizicheskii zhurnal v. 10 no. 6, 1964 815-818

were conducted before and immediately after 3 hours of television viewing. The tests determination of the time threshold for color differentiation, and involved a

as the age increased, the time threshold for color differentiation, after viewing a televised program, decreased. In earlier tests on accommodation, it was shown that younger persons

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ACCESSION NR: AP5000765

are subject to greater fatigue under the influence of television rays. In attempting to determine the reasons for the increased fatigue of the organs of vision, the author expresses her opinion that the most probable reason is the spectral difference between television rays and sunlight. The data obtained led the author to recommend limitation of television viewing to 6-7 hours/week, particularly in people over 40 years of age who show any central nervous system or eye diseases. Orig. art. has: 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Klinichna likarnya Lenins'koho rayonu, Kiev (Medical Clinic of Lenins'k District)

SUBMITTED: 17Apr64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: LS

NO REF SOV: 004

OTHER: 000

Card 2/2

ZARENKOV, N.A.; TU VAN LIEU; NGUEN TIEN KAN'

General characteristics of the quantitative distribution of plankton
and benthos in the Gulf of Tonkin and the adjacent part of the South
China Sea. Dokl. AN SSSR 148 no.6:1389-1391 F '63. (MIRA 16:3)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M.V.Lomonosova.
Predstavлено академиком D.I.Shcherbakovym.
(Tonkin, Gulf of—Marine biology)
(South China Sea—Marine biology)

ZARENKOV, N.A.

Notes on some decapod crustaceans (Decapoda, Crustacea) of the
Sea of Okhotsk and the Bering Sea. Trudy Inst. okean. 34:343-350
'60. (MIRA 13:10)

1. Kafedra zoologii bespozvonochnykh Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo
universiteta.
(Okhotsk, Sea of--Decapoda) (Bering Sea--Decapoda)

ZARENKOV, N.A.

Materials on comparative ecology of decapods in Far Eastern
seas. Zool.shur. 39 no.2:188-199 F '60. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Chair of Invertebrate Zoology, Moscow State University.
(Soviet Far East--Decapoda (Crustacea))

MUSIYKO, V.A. [Musliko, V.O.]; ZARETSKAYA, I.V. [Zarets'ka, I.V.]

Serum protein fractions in Brucella infections following roentgen-ray irradiation. Ukr. biokhim. zhur. 36 no.1:46-51 '64.

(MIRA 17:12)

1. Department of Biochemistry of the Pirogov Medical Institute, Odessa.

ZARETSKAS, G.S. [Zareckas, G.]; MATUKONIS, A.V.

Effect of twisting, tension, and time of relaxation on the changes in the torque of rayon multifilament yarns. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; tekhn. prom. no.6:18-22 '65.

(MIRA 19:1)

1. Kaunasskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut tekstil'noy promyshlennosti i Kaunasskiy politekhnicheskiy institut. Submitted August 30, 1965.

83739

S/056/60/038/004/032/048
B006/B056

24.6520

AUTHORS: Grin', Yu. T., Drozdov, S. I., Zaretskiy, D. F.

TITLE: The Moments of Inertia of Odd Atomic Nuclei //

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1960,
Vol. 38, No. 4, pp. 1297 - 1303

TEXT: In the regions $150 < A < 190$ and $A > 225$ the atomic nuclei are deformed and, besides single-particle levels, they have also rotational ones. It was found experimentally that the moments of inertia of odd nuclei surpassed those of even nuclei considerably. Several authors have dealt with the derivation of formulas for the moments of inertia of even and odd nuclei, without, however, taking pair correlation into account. The authors of the present paper, for the purpose of determining the moments of inertia (taking pair correlation into account), use the Green functions for a finite system having an odd number of particles. The calculation method is analogous to that used by A. B. Migdal for even-even nuclei (Refs. 3,4). An explicit formula (18) is obtained for δJ , in which the difference of the moments of inertia $J_e(x_e) - J_e(x_0)$

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The Moments of Inertia of Odd Atomic Nuclei 83739
S/056/60/038/004/032/048
B006/B056

occurs as an unknown term (the subscripts e and o mean even and odd).

$\kappa = \hbar \omega_0 \beta / 2\Delta$, $\hbar \omega_0 = 41 A^{-1/3}$ Mev. The Δ values are partly known from the experiment and partly determined by interpolation according to the formula $\Delta_e = \Delta_o + 1/q_o$, where q_o denotes the density of the single-particle levels near the Fermi surface. For calculating the difference of J_e , Δ_e , Δ_o , β_e , and β_o must be known. These four parameters are given in Table 1 for a total of 19 nuclei between $^{64}\text{Gd}^{155}$ and $^{96}\text{Cm}^{245}$, as well as the relative change in the moments of inertia for nuclei having odd numbers of neutrons $\delta J/J_T$ (in %). (J_T is the moment of inertia of the solid; $\delta J/J_T \sim A^{-1/3}$). Table 2 gives the same parameters for nuclei having odd numbers of protons (11 nuclei from $^{67}\text{Ho}^{165}$ to $^{95}\text{Am}^{243}$). The authors thank S. T. Belyayev and A. B. Migdal for discussions. There are 2 tables and 9 references: 4 Soviet, 1 US, 1 Dutch, and 3 Danish.

SUBMITTED: November 17, 1959

Card 2/2

ALEKSEYEV, Vladimir Ivanovich; ZARETSKIY, L.S.; TYUKOVIN, I.N.;
BOGATOV, I.P., retsenzent; BELOV, M.I., retsenzent;
IVANOV, K.A., retsenzent; MEYYEROVICH, M.G., retsenzent;
DRFANOV, I.K., retsenzent; ITOV, S.M., retsenzent;
TONYAYEV, V.I., retsenzent

[Moscow-Gorkiy-Moscow; guidebook on the Moscow Canal,
and the Volga, Oka, and Moscow Rivers] Moskva - Gor'kii -
Moskva; putevoditel' po kanalu imeni Moskvy, Volge, Oke i
Moskve-reke. Moskva, Izd-vo "Transport," 1964. 101 p.
(MIRA 17:6)

ZARENTSKIY, P.A. [Zapata'kyi, P.A.]

Cancer of the corpus uteri; according to materials from the Kharkov Province Oncological Dispensary (1950-1955). Ped., akush. i gin. 23 no.6:53-56 '61. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Ginekologicheskoye otdeleniye Khar'kovskogo oblastnogo onkologicheskogo dispensera (glavnnyy vrach - zasluzhennyy vrach USSR N.G. Stanislavskaya [Stanislava'ka, N.H.].
(UTERUS---CANCER)

DYATLOVA, V.N.; ZARETSKIY, Ye.N., kand. tekhn. nauk, ratsenzent;
KUBAREV, V.I., inzh., red.

[Corrosion resistance of metals and alloys; a handbook]
Korroziornaia stoikost' metallov i splavov; spravochnik.
Izd.2., perer. i dop. Moskva, Izd-vo "Mashinostroenie,"
1964. 350 p. (MIRA 17:6)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001963820008-4

ZARETSKIY, Ye.Ye.

Methodology for determining the dynamics of economic indices under
various growth rates. Trudy LIP no.227:9-14 '63. (MIRA 17:4)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001963820008-4"

ACCESSION NR: AP4014377

S/0300/64/036/001/0046/0051

AUTHOR: Musiyko, V. O.; Zarets'ka, I. V.

TITLE: Protein fractions of blood serum on infection with the causative factor
of brucellosis and irradiation with X-rays

SOURCE: Ukrayins'kyi biokhimichnyi zhurnal, v. 36, no. 1, 1964, 46-51

TOPIC TAGS: irradiation, blood serum, brucellosis, X-ray, alpha sub 1 globulin,
alpha sub 2 globulin, electrophoresis, albuminemia, gamma globulin, immunization,
brucellosis vaccineABSTRACT: The changes in the protein fractions of the blood serum of guinea pigs
infected with Br. abortus bovis and subjected to irradiation with X-rays in a
dose of 200 r were subjected to an electrophoretic investigation. Infection
with brucellosis produced a considerable decrease in the albumin content of the
blood serum. Albumineamia also resulted in animals irradiated before or after
infection. Infection of the animals or infection preceded or followed by
irradiation produced a reduction in the amount of α_1 -globulins and an increase

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ACCESSION NR: AP4014377

in the amount of α_2 -globulins. The γ -globulin content increased in the blood serum of animals irradiated before or after infection. The increase in the level of γ -globulins was enhanced by immunization of guinea pigs with live brucellosis vaccine 2 days before irradiation and 30 days before infection with brucellosis. The rate of survival of infected animals after irradiation was increased by immunization. The results obtained are of interest, because irradiation as such, in the absence of infection, reduces the level of γ -globulins in the blood serum. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Kafedra Biokhimii Odesskogo Meditsinskogo Instituta imeni Pirogova
(Chair of Biochemistry, Odessa Medical Institute)

SUBMITTED: 22Mar63* DATE ACQ: 14Feb64 ENCL: 00
SUB CODE: BC, NS NO REF Sov: 005 OTHER: 000

Card. 2/2

ZARETSKAS, G.S. [Zareckas, G.]

Type SD-4 instrument for determining the torsion characteristics
of textile fibers. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav., tekhn. tekstil'noy prom. no.2:
23-27 '65. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Kaunasskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut tekstil'noy
promyshlennosti.

BUDRIS, A.Ye.; ZARETSKAS, V.S., inzh.

New method of testing the supporting surface of fabrics. Tekst.prom.
21 no.5:77-79 My '61. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Zaveduyushchiy laboratoriyy voloknistykh materialov Instituta
energetiki i elekrotekhniki AN Litovskoy SSR (for Budris).
(Textile fabrics--Testing)

KLESHCHEVICH, N.F. [deceased], ZARETSKAYA, A.D.

Solar heating of seeds reduces disease incidence in wheat.
Zashch. rast. ot vred. i bol. 5 no. 9:25 S '60. (MIRA 15:6)
(Wheat--Diseases and pests)
(Solar heating).

VOLODARSKIY, R.F.; ARONOV, V.I.; D'YAKONOV, Ye.G.; SHIRIKOV, V.P.;
FEDYNSKIY, V.V., doktor fiz.-mat. nauk, prof., red.;
ZARETSKAYA, A.I., ved. red.; BASHMAKOV, G.M., tekhn. red.

[Use of electronic calculating machines to interpret gravity
and magnetic fields] Primenenie elektronno-schetnykh mashin dlia
interpretatsii gravitacionnykh i magnitnykh polei. Pod red.
V.V. Fedynskogo. Moskva, Gostoptekhizdat, 1962. 74 p.
(MIRA 15:9)

(Electronic calculating machines) (Gravity)
(Magnetic anomalies)

EROD, Ignatiy Osipovich; VYSOTSKIY, I.V., red.; LEVINSON, V.O.,
red.; ZARETSKAYA, A.I., ved. red.

[Fundamentals in the study of oil- and gas-bearing basins]
Osnovy ucheniya o neftogazonosnykh basseinakh. Moskva, Izd-
vo "Nedra," 1964. 58 p. (MIRA 17:5)

IVANOVA, Z.P., red.; ZARETSKAYA, A.I., ved. red.; POLOINA, A.B.,
tekhn. red.

[Stratigraphic scale of Paleozoic sediments; transactions] Stra-
tigraficheskie skhemy paleozoiskikh otlozhenii; trudy. Eodevon.
Pod red. Z.P.Ivanovoi. Moskva, Gostoptekhizdat, 1962. 132 p.

(MIRA 15:6)

1. Soveshchaniye po utochneniyu unifitsirovannykh stratigraficheskikh
skhem paleozoya Volgo-Ural'skoy neftegazonosnoy provintsii, Moscow,
1960. (MIRA 15:6)

(Geology, Stratigraphic)

RIVKIN, Il'ya Yakovlevich; ZARETSKAYA, A.I., ved. red.

[Automatic logging stations; on a compound cable] Avto-
maticheskie karotazhnye stantsii; na mnogozhil'nom kable.
Moskva, Nedra, 1964. 275 p. (MIRA 17:12)

ISKANDEROV, Mamed Abdul oglu; MIRCHINK, M.F., red.; ZARETSKAYA,
A.I., ved. red.; STAROSTINA, L.D., tekhn. red.

[Efficient development of gas-condensate fields; based on
an analysis of the development of gas-condensate oil fields
of the Apsheron Peninsula] Ratsional'naia razrabotka gazokon-
densatnykh mestorozhdenii; na opyte analiza razrabotki gazo-
kondensatnykh i gazokondensatno-neftianykh mestorozhdenii
Apsheronского полуострова. Moskva, Gostoptekhizdat, 1963. 58 p.
(MIRA 16:10)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Mirchink).
(Apsheron Peninsula--Condensate oil wells)

KOMAROV, Sergey Grigor'yevich; MUKHER, A.A., retsenzent; YUNGENS,
S.M., ved. red.; ZARETSKAYA, A.I., ved. red.; POLOSINA,
A.S., tekhn. red.

[Geophysical methods for well surveying] Geofizicheskie
metody issledovaniia skvazhin. Moskva, Gostoptekhizdat,
1963. 407 p. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Glavnnyy spetsialist Upravleniya geofizicheskikh rabot
Glavnogo upravleniya geologii i okhrany nedr pri Sovete
Ministrov RSFSR (for Mukher).

IL'INA, Agniya Petrovna; ZARETSKAYA, A.I., vedushchiy red.;
POLOSINA, A.S., tekhn. red.

[Neogene mollusks in Kamchatka] Molluski neogena Kamchatki.
Moskva, Gostoptekhnizdat, 1963. 241 p. (Leningrad, Vsesoiuznyi
neftianoi nauchno-issledovatel'skii geologorazvedochnyi
institut. Trudy, no.202). (MIRA 16:6)

(Kamchatka--Mollusks, Fossil)

ROZANOV, Leonid Nikolayevich; OVANESOV, Gurgen Pavlovich; AKSENOV,
Adol'f Alekseyevich; NADEZHDIN, Aleksandr Danilovich;
ZARETSKAYA, A.I., ved. red.; DUBROVSKAYA, L., tekhn. red.

[Method for rating producible and prospective reserves of
oil and gas in platform areas as exemplified by the studies
carried out in the Bashkir A.S.S.R.] Metodika otsenki per-
spektivnykh i prognoznykh zapasov nefti i gaza platformen-
nykh oblastei (na primere Bashkirskoi ASSR), Moskva, Gos-
toptekhizdat, 1963. 81 p. (MIRA 16:11)

(Bashkiria—Petroleum geology)
(Bashkiria—Gas, Natural—Geology)

VENDEL'SHTEYN, Boris Yur'yovich; LARIONOV, Vyacheslav Vasil'yovich;
DAKHNOV, V.N., prof.; ZARETSKAYA, A.I., ved. red.

[Using the data of field geophysics in estimating gas and
oil reserves] Ispol'zovanie dannykh promyslovoi geofiziki
pri podschete zapasov nafti i gaza; metodicheskoe rukovod-
stvo. Moskva, Izd-vo "Nedra," 1964. 197 p.

(MIRA 17:6)

FADEYEV, Mikhail Ivanovich; ZARETSKAYA, A.I., ved. red.; YAKOVLEVA, Z.I., tekhn. red.

[Orekhovka key well (Kuybyshev Province)] Orekhovskaya opornaya skvazhina; Kuibyshevskaya oblast'. Moskva, Gostoptekhizdat, 1963. 90 p. (MIRA 16:7)
(Kuybyshev Province--Petroleum geology)

BELOVA, M.B.; VASIL'YEV, V.G.; VLASOV, G.M.; GRYAZNOV, L.P.; DRABKIN,
I.Ye.; ZHEGALOV, Yu.V.; KARBIVNICHII, I.N.; KLENOV, Ye.P.; KRY-
LOV, V.V.; TITOV, V.A.; ZARETSKAYA, A.I.; vedushchiy red.; YE-
DOTOVA, I.G., tekhn. red.

[Geology and oil and gas potentials of Kamchatka] Geologicheskoe
stroenie i perspektivy neftegazonosnosti Kamchatki. Moskva, Gos.
nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1961. 343 p.
(MIRA 14:9)

(Kamchatka--Petroleum geology)
(Kamchatka--Gas, Natural--Geology)

FEDYNSKII, V.V., doktor fiziko-matem. nauk, red.; LEVINSON, V.G., kand. geol.-mineral. nauk, red.; TOPCHIYEV, A.V., akad. NAGIYEV, M.F., akad., red.; SHUYKIN, N.I., red.; MIRCHINK, M.P., red.; TREBIN, P.A., doktor tekhn. nauk, red.; SANIN, P.I., doktor khim. nauk; SUKHANOV, V.P., inzh., red.; PANOV, V.V., kand. tekhn. nauk, red.; IONEL', A.G., vedushchiy red.; ZARETSKAYA, A.I., vedushchiy red.; FEDOTOVA, I.G., tekhn. red.

[Reports of the International Petroleum Congress. 5th New York, 1959]
Doklady V Mezhdunarodnogo neftianogo kongressa, New York, 1959. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry.
Vol.1. [Geology and geophysics] Geologiya i geofizika. Pod red. V.V. Fedynskogo i V.G. Levinsona. 1961. 382 p. (MIRA 14:9)

1. International Petroleum Congress. 5th, New York, 1959. 2. AN Azerbaydzhanskoy SSR (for Nagiyev). 3. Chleny-korrespondenty AN SSSR (for Shuykin, Mirchink).

(Petroleum geology) (Gas, Natural—Geology)
(Prospecting—Geophysical methods)

VASIL'YEV, V.G., red.; ZARETSKAYA, A.I., vedushchiy red.; MUKHINA, E.A.,
tekhn. red.

[Geophysical prospecting in studying the geology of Eastern
Siberia; articles on geological investigations] Geofizicheskie ra-
boty pri reshenii geologicheskikh zadach v Vostochnoi Sibiri; sbornik
statei po geofizicheskim issledovaniiam. Pod red. V.G.Vasil'eva.
Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhniko-izd-vo neft.i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1961.
230 p. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Russia(1917- R.S.F.S.R.)Glavnaya geologicheskaya upravleniye.
(Siberia, Eastern--Prospecting--Geophysical methods)

PETROV, N.A., red.; PETRENKO, L.I., red.; SAVITSKIY, P.S., red.; SINITSIN, V.I., red.; KOLOTYRKIN, Ya.M., red.; SYRKUS, N.P., red.; ROHM, R.F., red.; AMTYSHEV, P.I., red.; VARTAZAROV, S.Ya., red.; ZAYTSEV, A.I., red.; ZEZYULINSKIY, V.M., red.; ZEDGINIDZE, G.A., red.; MARTYNKIN, F.F., red.; ROGACHEV, V.I., red.; SLATINSKIY, A.N., red.; LEVINA, Ye.S., vedushchiy red.; TITSKAYA, B.F., vedushchiy red.; PERSHINA, Ye.G., vedushchiy red.; IONEL', A.G., vedushchiy red.; ZARETSKAYA, A.I., vedushchiy red.; MUKHINA, E.A., tekhn.red.

[Transactions of the Conference on the Introduction of Radioactive Isotopes and Nuclear Radiation into the National Economy of the U.S.S.R.] Trudy Vsesoiuznogo soveshchaniia po vnedreniiu radioaktivnykh izotopov i isidernykh izluchenii v narodnoe khoziaistvo SSSR. Pod red. N.A.Petrova, L.I.Petrenko i P.S.Savitskogo. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry. Vol.1. [General aspects of isotope applications. Instruments with sources of radioactive radiation. Radiation chemistry. Chemical and petroleum refining industry]

(Continued on next card)

PETROV, N.A.---(continued) Card 2.

Obshchie voprosy primeneniia izotopov. Pribory s istochnikami radioaktivnykh izlucheni. Radiatsionnaya khimiia. Khimicheskaya i neftepererabatyvayushchaya promyshlennost'. 1961. 340 p. Vol.2. [Construction and the industry of construction materials. Light industry. Food industry and agriculture. Medicine] Stroitel'stvo i promyshlennost' stroitel'nykh materialov. Legkaya promyshlennost'. Pishchevaya promyshlennost' i sel'skoe khozaiistvo. Meditsina. 1961. 267 p.

(MIRA 14:4)

1. Vsesoyuznoye soveshchaniye po vnedreniyu radioaktivnykh izotopov i yadernykh izlucheni v narodnoye khozyaystvo SSSR. Riga, 1960.

(Radionuclides)

(Radiation)

PER'KOV, N.A., red.; ZARETSKAYA, A.I., ved. red.

[Album of theoretical curves for electric oil well log-
ging] Al'bom teoreticheskikh krivykh elektricheskogo
karotazha skvazhin. Moskva, Nedra, 1964. 17 p.
(MIRA 18:4)

IVANOVA, R.M.; ASHRAFI, R.I.; BURIKOVA, Ye.M.; VITTEMBERG, Z.V.;
ZARETSKAYA, A.R.; NAZAR'YEVA, M.S.; RAFIYENKO, D.V.; BURAKOVA,
G.Ye.; KUTSENKO, I.T.; KAS'YANOVA, Ye.M.; PERSHIN, S.P., inzh.

Observations on the stability of track. Put' i put.khoz.
(MIRA 13:2)
no.10:6-7 0 '59.

1. Studenty Moskovskogo instituta inzhenerov zheleznyodorozh-
nogo transporta (for all except Pershin).
(Railroads--Track)

ZARETSKAYA, D. I.

Planning of sections for cultivating Rhizopus fungus
by the surface method. Spirt.prom. 26 no.4:19-21
'60. (MIRA 13:8)
(Molda(Botany))

ZARETSKAYA, D.I.

Growing the mold Aspergillus crysae by the surface streaking
method. Spirt. prom. 25 no.5:23-25 '59. (MIRA 12:10)
(Molds (Botany))

ZARETSKAYA, G.B.; POLIAK, V.E.

"Preventive hygienic supervision of the planning and construction
of Soviet cities and the provision of public facilities" by K.G.
Beriushev. Reviewed by G.B. Zaretskaia, V.E. Poliak. Gig. i san. 24
no.4:90-92 Ap '59.
(SANITATION)

ZARETSKAYA, G.M. (Leningrad); MEL'NICHEKO, A.A. (Leningrad); FILONENKO,
N.Ie. (Leningrad)

Investigating silicon carbide formed during the smelting
of iron-silicon-chromium alloys. Izv. AN SSSR. Met. i gor.
delo no.4:58-62 Jl-Ag '64. (MIRA 17:9)

FILONENKO, N.Ye.; ZARETSKAYA, G.M.

Silicon carbide and ferrosilicochrome. Zhur. prikl. khim. 38 no.4:
941-942 Ap '65. (MIRA 18:6)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut abrazivov i
shlifovaniya.

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ZHAIETSKAYA G.P.

7. Synthesis of polymeric compounds related to starch
XVI. Condensation of furfuryl chloride with
various aldehydes

R. L. H.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001963820008-4"

ZARETSKAYA, I. I.

Mos., Acetylene Lab., Inst. Organic Chemistry, Dept. Chem. Sci., Acad. Sci.,
-1940-c49-.

"Acetylene Derivatives: On the Isomerization of Tertiary Vinylethinylcarbinols,"

Iz. Ak. Nauk SSSR, Otdel, Khim. Nauk, No. 3, 1940;

"....XVII. Hydration of Hydrocarbons of the Divinylacetylene Series," ibid.,

No. 1, 1941;

"....XXVII. Hydration of Divinylacetylene," ibid., No. 4, 1942;

"....XXXVI. On the Mechanism of Cyclohydration of Hydrocarbons of Divinylacetylene Series. Cyclization of Allyl Isopropenyl Ketone to 1,3-Dimethylcyclopentene-1-Cone-5," ibid., No. 1, 1944;

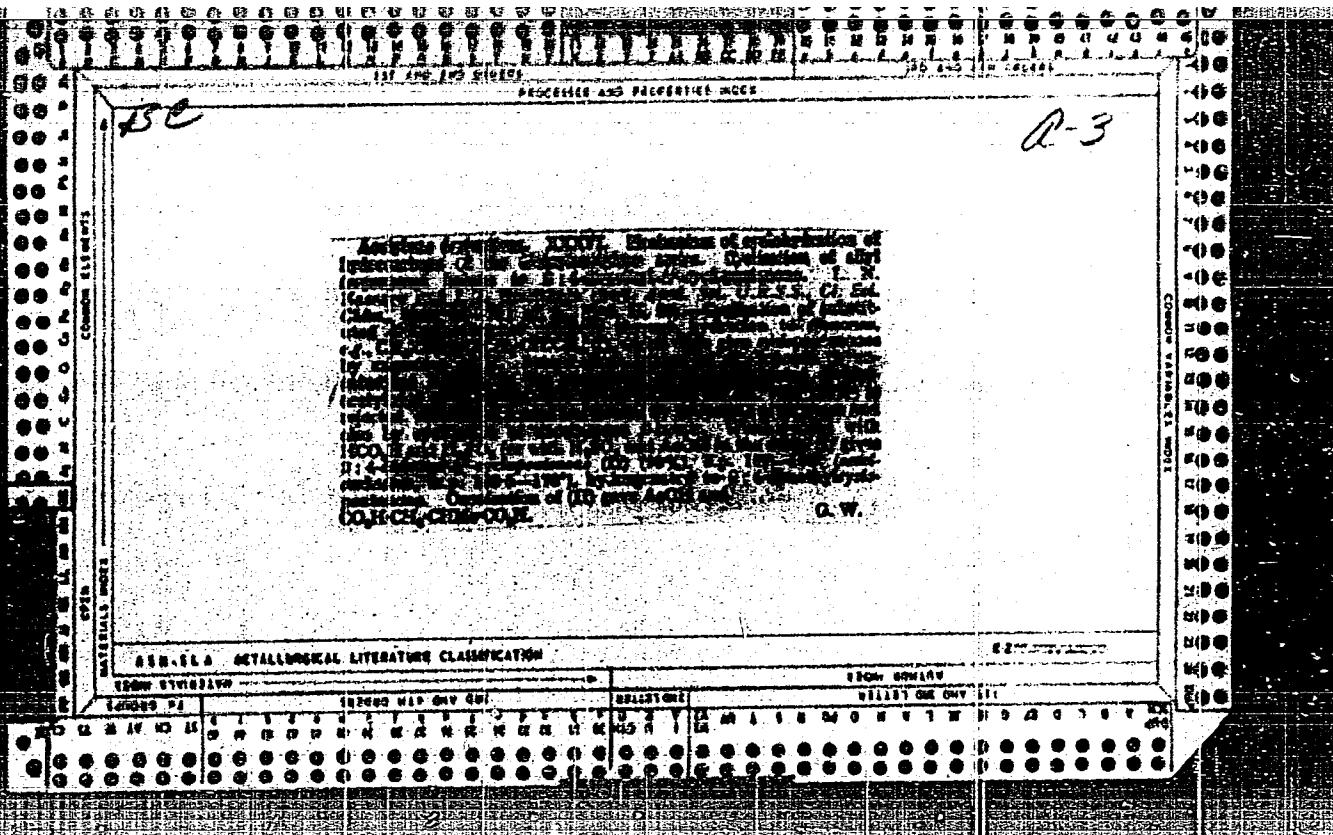
"....XLVIII. The Mechanism of Hydration and Cyclization of 5-Methyl-1, 5 Heptadiene-3-one," ibid., No. 5, 1946;

Derivatives of acetylene. **XXVII.** Hydrogenation of 1,4-pyrone. Apparently vinyl allyl ketone is the first hydrocarbon stage of divinylacetylene under the conditions used. **XXVIII.** Condensation of vinylketones to (methylvinyl)acetacetene. I. N. Nararov and O. I. Verkhoturov. *Izdat. 104. 207-47.* -Methylvinyl(vinylethynyl)carbinol (120 g.) was added to 120 g. benzene and 8.5 g. FeCl₃ and stirred for 3.5 hrs. at room temp. followed by heating for 8 hrs. at 60-65° and 4 hrs. at 115-120°; there was obtained 89.5 g. unreacted carbinol and 14.5 g. 1,1-dimethyl-1,3-dihydro-6-vinyloxy-1,3-diketodisubstituted furans, b.p. 117°, n_D²⁰ 1.5023, d₄₀²⁰ 0.9033; the product heated with Ti(OBu)₄ at 60-70° polymerized to a hard transparent mass, while hydrogenation gave 1,3-dimethyl-1,3-diketohydro-1,3-alkadienoates, b.p. 113.5°, n_D²⁰ 1.5012, d₄₀²⁰ 0.9161; bromination with Br₂ in CHCl₃ yields the 4-(1,3-dimethyl-1,3-alkadienoyl) analog, m.p. 131.5-142° (from EtOH). Analogously, methylpropyl(vinylethynyl)carbinol yielded 1,3-dimethyl-1,3-dipropoxy-4-vinyloxy-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran, b.p. 110°, n_D²⁰ 1.5180, d₄₀²⁰ 0.9473, which, similarly, polymerized with Ba(OBu)₄ and yielded, with H, 1,3-dimethyl-1,3-dipropyl-4-ethyl-1,3-dihydrobenzofuran, b.p. 116°, n_D²⁰ 1.4901, d₄₀²⁰ 0.9331. Similarly, 1-(vinylethynyl)cyclohexanol gave 1,3-diphenylmethoxy-4-vinyloxy-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran, b.p. 128° (from K(OH)). Similarily, on hydrogenation over Pt oxide gave 1,3-diphenylcyclohexene-4-oxo-4-vinyloxy-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran, m.p. 91.5-21° (from EtOH). Similarly, methyl(vinylethynyl)carbinol gave 1,3-dimethyl-4-vinyloxy-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran, b.p. 80°, n_D²⁰ 1.5150, d₄₀²⁰ 1.0069, which polymerizes to a solid with Ba(OBu)₄, while hydrogenation over Pt oxide gave 1,3-dimethyl-4-vinyloxy-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran, b.p. 80°, n_D²⁰ 1.5151, d₄₀²⁰ 0.9823. **XXIX.** Condensation of phenols with the alcohols of the acetylene and vinylacetylene series. I. N. Narotov and A. I. Kurnetova. *Ibid.* 302-405. -Methylvinyl(vinylethynyl)carbinol (1) (130 g.) was added, at 40°, to 0.5 g. PbO₂ and 50 g. H₃PO₄ (d. 1.71) and stirred at 40-50° for 10 hrs. to yield 20.7 g.

*3-methyl-1,3-heptadien-3-yne (I), b.p. 51°, n_D 1.4600, and 48.1 g. methylpropyl(vinylidene)(4-hydroxyphenyl)ketone, (III), b.p. 160-4°, n_D 1.6120, m. about 12°; treatment of the phenol with Me₂SO₄ in 20% NaOH gave the methoxy deriv., b.p. 140°, n_D 1.5402, d₄ 0.8700, while treatment with PhNCO gave the urethane, m. 105°. The MeO deriv. (IV) is also obtained upon condensation of I with PhOMe in the presence of Hg(OAc)₂ at 50-60°. Hydrogenation of the phenol gave methylpropyl(4-hydroxyphenyl)ketone, b.p. 162-3°, d₄ 0.8588, n_D 1.6153. II (184 g.) and 130 g. Pt/Oil treated with 70 cc. H₂O₂ (d 1.71) at 60-70° for 18 hrs. gave a small amt. of III and 17.1 g. 1,2,3-trimethyl-3-cyclohexen-5-ene (V), b.p. 77-8°, n_D 1.4536, d₄ 0.8455; semicarbazone, m. 190° (from EtOH); similar, condensation by using PbOAc₂ gave IV and V in 40% yield. IV can be obtained in approx. 50% yield by heating II to 50-60° with HgPO₄ in the presence of benzene for 30 hrs.; ozonization of the product yields AcOH and m-methylenbenzoic acid, b.p. 120-7°, n_D 1.4425; semicarbazone, m. 173-9°. Methylpropyl(vinylidene)carbinol was condensed analogously with Pt/Oil in the presence of HgO₂, to yield methylpropyl(vinylidene)(4-hydroxyphenyl)ketone, b.p. 165-70°, b.p. 163-4°, m. 60-70°, as well as 3-methyl-1,3-heptadien-3-yne (3-methyl-1,5-octadien-3-yne); methylation of the phenol with Me₂SO₄ gave the 4-methoxy deriv., b.p. 160-2°, b.p. 178°, n_D 1.6158, d₄ 0.8920, while hydrogenation over Pt black gave methylpropylpropyl(4-hydroxyphenyl)ketone, b.p. 100°, n_D 1.6131, d₄ 0.9189. Dimethylmethylenecarbinal condensed with Pt/Oil in the presence of Hg(OAc)₂, analogously to the above, gave a low yield of dimethylidene(4-hydroxyphenyl)methane, b.p. 118-19°, m. 83-4°, along with small amounts of 1,1-propynylacetylene, b.p. 34-40°, and 3,3-dimethyl-2-methylene-3,2-dihydronaphthalene, b.p. 93-0°, n_D 1.6120; the phenol gave on treatment with Me₂SO₄ in NaOH soln. the corresponding methoxy deriv., b.p. 121°, n_D 1.5250, d₄ 0.9797, which with KMnO₄ gave (4-methoxyphenyl)dimethylacetic acid, m. 89°. The coniuran deriv. on ozonization gave among other products, as HCO₂H and salicylic acid, the lactone of (4-hydroxyphenyl)dimethylacetic acid, b.p. 105-10°, n_D 1.5211; this degree of chain branching. It was known that in the C₉ range the hydrocarbons with 2 quaternary C atoms, with 1 quaternary and 2 tertiary atoms have octane nos. in the neighborhood of 100. These are: 2,2,3,4-tetramethylhexane (octane no. 114) and 2,3,4,6-pentamethylheptane (octane no. 114) and 2,3,5-Trimethylhexane was treated as follows: iso-PrMgBr (from 184 g. iso-PrBr) was treated with 130 g. methyl iodide at 0° to yield C₉H₁₈OH, b.p. 44-6°, n_D 1.4418, d₄ 0.8304; this was dehydrated over Al₂O₃ at 250-270° to yield C₉H₁₆ (2,3,5-trimethyl)-3,4-hexadiene, b.p. 28°, n_D 1.4458, d₄ 0.7791; hydrogenation over Pd gave the above paraffin b.p. 120°, d₄ 0.7258, 60% EtOH). Hydrogenation over Pt in EtOH gave 1,2-diethyl-3-cyclohexene, b.p. 152-4°, n_D 1.4311, d₄ 0.8886; semicarbazone, m. 185-6° (from 60% EtOH). The cyclization also occurs on heating the ketone with mixed H₂SO₄-AcOH. XXXVII. Hydrogenation of 1,2-dimethylvinylidene carbinal. I. N. Nazarov and L. B. Plager, *Jbd.* 71-8.—Methylpropyl(vinylidene)carbinol in Et₂O on prolonged shaking with coppered Zn dust in water gave mixed 3-methyl-2,3-heptadien-5-ol and 3-methyl-1,3-heptadien-3-ol, b.p. 60-1, n_D 1.4003, d₄ 0.8703. Reduction over Pd gave methylmethylenecarbinal, b.p. 160-1°. Methylpropyl(vinylidene)carbinol treated with aq. KMnO₄, gave (CO₂H), HCO₂H and methylpropyl(hydroxyacetyl)carbinol, m. 67°. Reduction of methylpropyl(vinylidene)carbinol with coppered Zn dust, as above, gave only incomplete reaction (even after 225 min.), the aldehyd. product mist. contg. the starting carbinal mixed, probably, with aldehyd. alc. and 1,3-diene alc.; the mist, b.p. 77-8°, n_D 1.4700, d₄ 0.8713. Hydrogenation over Pd in Et₂O gave methylpropylbutylcarbinol, b.p. 178-9°. Methylpropyl(vinylidene)carbinol alkylized by aq. KMnO₄ gave methyl propyl ketone, (CO₂H), HCO₂H, and methylpropylhydroxyacetyl alc. Diethyl(vinylidene)carbinol reduced with coppered Zn dust, as above, gave only a mixt. of starting product with possibly the allenic alc. and diene alc.; the reduction proceeds extremely slowly. The mixt. b.p. 68-9°, n_D 1.4750, d₄*

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001963820008-4"

NAZAROV, I.N.; KAZITSYNA, L.A.; ZABETSKAYA, I.I.

Absorption spectrum analysis of 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazones of carbonyl compounds. Zhur. ob. khim. 27 no.3:606-623 Mr '57. (MIRA 10:6)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii Akademii nauk SSSR.
(Hydrazones--Spectra) (Carbonyls)

ZARETSKAYA I. I.

NAZAROV, I. N., ZARETSKAYA, I. I.

Structure of the hydration products of divinylacetylene hydrocarbons.
(MIRA 10:6)
Zhur. ob. khim. 27 no.3:624-646 Mr '57.

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii Akademii nauk SSSR.
(Vinyl compounds) (Hydrocarbons)

ZARETSKAYA, I. I.

USSR/Chemistry - Acetylene, Derivatives
Chemistry - Olefins, Hydration of

Apr 48

"Acetylene Derivatives: No 65, Mechanism of the Hydration and Cyclization of
of Dienes," I. N. Nazarov, I. I. Zaretskaya, Inst Org Chem, Acad Sci USSR,
9 3/4 pp

"Zhur Obshch Khim" Vol XVIII (LXXX), No 4

5-Methyl-1, 5-octadiene-3-in and 5-ethyl-1, 5-heptadiene-3-in are readily hydrated
in aqueous solutions of methanol in the presence of sulfuric acid and mercury sulfate,
forming 5-methyl-1, 5-octadiene-4-on and 5-ethyl-1, 5-heptadiene-4-on. Both of these
are readily cyclized by phosphoric or hydrochloric acid at 60 - 65°, forming the
corresponding cyclopentanones. The latter can also be prepared directly from
dienins by cyclohydration. Submitted 7 Apr 1947.

PA 8/49 T40

ZARETSKAYA, I. I.

"Hydration of Hydrocarbons of the Divinyl-Acetylene Series and Cyclization of Vinyl Allylketones Into Cyclopentenones."

Thesis for degree of Cand. Chemical Sci. Sub. 28 Apr 49,
Inst of Organic Chemistry, Acad Sci, USSR

Summary 82, 18 Dec 52, Dissertations Presented For Degrees in Science and Engineering in Moscow in 1949.
From Vechernaya Moskva, Jan-Dec 1949.

ZARETSKAYA, I. I.

USSR/Chemistry-Acetylene, Derivatives
Chemistry-Hydration

Mar/Apr 49

"Acetylene Derivatives: № 87, Mechanism of Diene Hydration and Cyclization,
XVII, Hydration and Cyclization of 5-Propyl-1, 5-Octadiene-3-Ine,"
I. N. Nazarov, I. I. Zaretskaya, Inst of Org Chem, Acad Sci USSR, 6 pp

"Iz Ak Nauk SSSR, Otdel Khim Nauk" No 2

Describes hydration of 5-propyl-1, 5-octadiene-3-ine into 5-propyl-1,
5-octadiene-4-on and cyclization of this dienone into 3-methyl-2-ethyl-
1-propyl-1-cyclopentene-5-on. Submitted 20 Mar 48.

PA 43/49T10

ZARETSKAYA, I. I.

USSR/Chemistry-Acetylene, Derivatives
Chemistry-Hydration

Mar/Apr 49

"Acetylene Derivatives: No 38, Mechanism of Diene Hydration and Cyclization, XVII, Hydration and Cyclization of 5-Methyl-1, 5-tetradecadiene-3-Ine," I. N. Nazarov, I. I. Zaretskaya, Inst of Org Chem, Acad Sci USSR, 6 pp

"Iz Ak Nauk SSSR, Otdel. Khim Nauk" No 2

Describes hydration of 5-methyl-1, 5-tetradecadiene-3-ine into 5-methyl-1, 5-tetradecadiene-4-on and cyclizes the latter into 1,3-dimethyl-2-octyl-1-cyclopentene-5-on. Submitted 20 Mar 48.

PA 43/49T9

Chemical Abst.
Vol. 48 No. 6
Mar. 25, 1954
Organic Chemistry

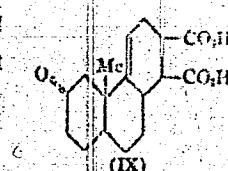
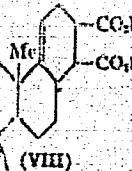
7 EEL TAKUMA - T. I.

synthesis of polycyclic compounds related to steroids.
XVI. Condensation of 1,5-dienyl ketones with 1,3-dienyl
methyl 1,3-butadiene. Synthesis of 1,4-dienyl-1-vinyl-
cyclohexanone, 1-naphthalenone and 2a-methyl-1-vinyl-
cyclohexanone. J. N. Nazarov, L. V. Torgov,
B. A. Kostylev, N. N. Kostyleva, V. V. Goryainov
and V. M. Arshavsky. Izdat. Akad. Nauk SSSR
Khimi. Nauk 1953, 75-80; cf. CA 45, 7182c. In general
To the catalyst prep'd from 1 mmol BP, Et₂O, 1.5 g yellow
HgO, 2.5 C₆H₅COCl, and 10 ml abs. MeOH was added 1.50
g abs. MeOH and the react. treated at 100° hrs., with 2-30
g 2a-MeOCH₂CHC₆H₅ at about 100°. The condensate
was stirred 4 hrs. at 100°, cooled and neutralized with 1.50 g
MeONa; distn gave 65% 1,3-diene-5-one, b.p. 140-21°,
n_D²⁰ 1.4112. If near the end of the reaction some 1 mmol
BP, Et₂O and 5 g HgO are added, the yield is raised 5-7%.
The product was slowly added to 10 g Ph₃O and 16.6 g
powd. KHSO, heated to 150° at such a rate that the vapor
temp. remained below 60°, yielding a distillate of 2a-
methyl-1,3-butadiene (I). MeOCH₂CHC(OMe)CH₃, and
MeOH, residue gave 65-70% pure enough for further work.
b.p. 5°, n_D²⁰ 1.4131-1.4150. I (151.) and 129 g. 1-methyl-
1-cyclohexen-3-one located in a metal ampul in CO₂ with 1%

(over)

PhNEt_2 , 2.5 hrs. at 200-70° yielded after repeated distn. 44% mixed 8a-methyl-*t*-methyl- Δ^4 -octahydro-1-naphthalene (II) and 8a-methyl-7-methoxy- Δ^4 -octahydro-1-naphthalene (II), b_4 92-6°. IIa semicarbazone (provisionally characterized), m. 208-9.5°. Hydrogenation of mixed IIa-II over Pd in dioxane gave 8a-methyl-7-methoxydecahydro-1-naphthalene, b_4 , 89-91°, n_D^{20} 1.5802, dm 1.039; semicarbazone, m. 199-202° (decomp.). To 7 g. Na in 300 ml. liquid NH_3 was added over 2 hrs. C_2H_2 at 20 l./hr., then 10.7 g. mixed IIa-II in Et_2O , the C_2H_2 flow continued 9 hrs., 20 g. NH_4Cl added, and the mixt. allowed to stand overnight; treatment with H_2O and evn. with H_2O gave 2 g. *t*-ethynyl-8a-methyl-6-methoxy- Δ^4 -octahydro-1-naphthalene (III), m. 123-3.5° (from CHCl_3). The mother liquor gave 6 g. m. III and its 7-MeO isomer, b_4 119-21°, n_D^{20} 1.5263. The use of K or Li failed to give better results. Shaking III in Et_2O 2 hrs. with 8% HCl gave 100% *t*-ethynyl-8a-methyl-1-hydroxy-decahydro-6-naphthalenone (IV), m. 155-6°. To 17 g. Na in 850 ml. liquid NH_3 was added 40 l. C_2H_2 in 1 hr., and with a reduced rate of C_2H_2 flow, the mixt. was treated with 80 g. mixed IIa-II in 250 ml. Et_2O , the passage of C_2H_2 continued 6 hrs., and the mixt. kept overnight at -70°, treated with C_2H_2 5 hrs., allowed to warm to -35°, treated with 60 g. powd. NH_4Cl , allowed to evap., the residue, after addn. of Et_2O , was treated with ice H_2O , and the coned. org. layer treated with 100 ml. 1% HCl and stirred 3 hrs., yielding 34-9 g. IV, m. 158° (from EtOH or CaH_2). The mother liquor treated with petr. ether gave 0-8 g. 7-oxo isomer of IV, m. 144° (from EtOH); the residue (13-16 g.) was a mixt. of the 2 substages, b_4 , 134-6°, n_D^{20} 1.5393. Hydrogenation of IV over PtO_2 in EtOH gave the *t*-*E* analog, m. 127-8°; the other isomer similarly gave *t*-ethynyl-8a-methyl-1-hydroxydecahydro-7-naphthalenone, m. 88°. Hydrogenation of IV in dioxane over Pd (1 mole H absorbed) gave a viscous mass, crystg. very slowly; the pure *t*-vinyl analog of IV m. 111-12° (from petr. ether). The *t*-vinyl-8a-methyl-1-hydroxydecahydro-7-naphthalene (V), m. 114-15°, crystd. rapidly. Dehydration of these over

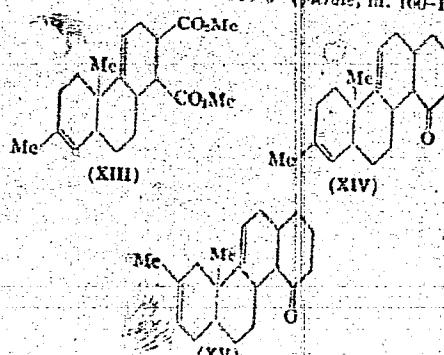
KHSO_4 in the presence of pyrogallol gave, resp. 67% *t*-vinyl-8a-methyl- Δ^4 -octahydro-1-naphthalene (VI), b_4 114-17°, b_4 100-3°, n_D^{20} 1.5370 (from EtO), m. 174-7-6.5° (from EtO), and 74% *t*-vinyl-8a-methyl- Δ^4 -octahydro-7-naphthalene (VII), b_4 , 91-6°, n_D^{20} 1.5370 (semicarbazone, m. 197-7). Hydrogenation of mixed IV and its 7-oxo isomer over Pd gave some 20% V, 40% mixed VI-VII. VI reacted spontaneously with maleic anhydride and treatment of the product with alc. aq. KOH , followed by acidification, gave the previously described dicarboxylic acid (V), $m.$ 200-2.5°, VII similarly gave the diacidic ester (VI), decomp. 203°, becoming transparent only at 210°. V (2 g.), 10 ml. MeOH , and 0.05 g. powd. KOH



heated 0.5 hr. at 110° gave C_2H_2 and a trace of 8a-methyl-1,6-dioxodecahydro-7-naphthalene, m. 61-2°. To McMgBr (from 13 g. CaBr_2) was added in 10 ml. at 5-10° 5 g. VI and the mixt. refluxed 5 min.; after decoupl. with ice and 20% HCl, the org. layer gave 90% *t*-ethynyl-6,8a-dimethyl- Δ^4 -octahydro-6-methylol (X), b_4 , 91-4°, n_D^{20} 1.5260. Similarly was obtained 37% *t*-ethynyl-7,8a-dimethyl- Δ^4 -octahydro-7-naphthal (XI), b_4 , 92-6°, n_D^{20} 1.5233. Dehydration over KHSO_4 in the presence of pyrogallol gave, resp., 66% *t*-vinyl-6,8a-dimethyl- Δ^4 -octahydro-7-naphthalene (XII), b_4 , 92-2°, n_D^{20} 1.5240, and 7,8a-dimethyl- Δ^4 -octahydro-7-naphthalene (XIIa), b_4 , 93-70°, n_D^{20} 1.5220. (5.8 g.) heated with 6 hrs. at 100° followed by removal of unused ester m.

vacuo and heating the residue with KHgSC_6 and little pyrogallol 0.25 hr. at 160-70°/25 mm., gave 4.3 g. XIII, b₁ 165-70°, n_D 1.5200, which, heated 3 hrs. with aq. alc. NaOH , gave the free acid, does not m. 200°. XI treated similarly gave the corresponding ester (not characterized) but hydrolysis of the latter gave only a viscous mass. The free acid of XIII heated in a N atm. with Pd-C in C_6H_6 11

hrs. at 370° reacted incompletely with 2-methylphenanthrene, m. 57-8.5°. Dehydrogenation of the viscous isomeric acid failed to yield a solid product. Beating 1.2 g. XII 1-hr. in CO_2 in an ampul 4 hrs. at 160° gave 0.5 g. crude ketone (XIV), b₁ 160-0°, which was used in this form. Similarly XIII gave crude ketone (XV), b₁ 145-55°, which was used in this state. Heating 0.5 g. XIV in 3 ml. $\text{O}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OH})_2$ with 0.4 g. NaH_2O_6 6 hr. in 10 ml. $\text{O}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OH})_2$ 10 hrs. at 160° and 3 hrs. at 220°, evapn. of the稀d. mixt. with Et_2O , ext., and heating the residue with 350° in a N atm. gave 14 mg. 2-methylchrysene (picrate, m. 145.5-6.0°). Similarly 1.2 g. XV gave 0.45 g. crude product, b₁ 126-30°, dehydrogenated as above to 15 mg. 3-methylchrysene, m. 160-0°.



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CIA-RDP86-00513R001963820008-4

ZHAKESKAYA, E. E.

Reaction mechanism of the cyclization by means of
conveniently可方便的
synthesis of substituted alkyl ketones
by the method of the reaction of
aldehydes and ketones with
catalytic amounts of concentrated sulfuric acid.

Ron L

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The mechanism of the cyclization reaction by means of deuterium. II. V. N. Nazarov, I. I. Zaretskaya, Z. N. Parins, and D. N. Kursanov. *Tetrahedron*, No. 6, 33, 1953, 519-23; cf. *C.A.* 48, 3271c. — It was previously shown that cyclization of 2-methyl-1,6-hexadien-3-one in D-enriched H_3PO_4 results in the entry of D into the cyclopentenone deriv., indicating the correctness of the ionic nature of the reaction as proposed by Nazarov (*C.A.* 48, 011d), in which in the initial step D^+ adds to the terminal C of the allyl group. The location of the D in the product was now investigated. The deuterio-2,4-dimethyl-2-cyclopenten-1-one, obtained as described above, was ozonized, yielding $HO_2CCH(Me)CH_2CO_2H$, which contained substantially all the D that was present in the cyclopentenone. Thus the presence of D on the 1-, 2-, 3-, or 6-positions is excluded. Oxidation of the cyclopentenone with SeO_4^{2-} gave D-free 2,4-dimethyl-2-cyclopentene-1,5-dione, m. 64-5°. Hence D must be present in the 6-position, i.e. the methylene group adjacent to the carbonyl. This shows that the cyclization is entered not by $CH_2:CHCH_2COCMe:CH_2$, but by its isomer, $MeCH:CH-COCMe:CH_2$. No exchange of D occurs between the cyclopentenone deriv. and $AcOH-AcOD$. G. M. K.

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ZARETSKAYA, I. I.

USSR/Chemistry - Synthesis

Card 1/1 : Pub. 40 - 18/22

Authors : Nazarov, I. N.; Zaretskaya, I. I.; Verkholetova, G. P.; and Torgov, I. V.

Title : Synthesis of steroid compounds and their substances. Part 19.-

Periodical : Izv. AN SSSR. Otd. khim. nauk 5, 920-928, Sep-Oct 1953

Abstract : The realization of a complete synthesis of D-homosteroid diketones of the cis-cis series (with keto-group in position 15), through the condensation of 1-vinyl-9-methyl- Δ^1 -6-octalone with 1-methyl- Δ^1 -cyclohexene-6-one, is described. The four isomeric tetracyclic ketones, formed as result of condensation and their physico-chemical properties, are also described. The displacement of the double bond from positions 9 to 11 and 8 to 9 was observed during the process of diene condensation. By reducing the steroid ketones, according to the Clemmensen method, only the keto-group in the A-ring is eliminated and diketone converts into 15-monoketone. Eight references: 4-USSR; 2-USA and 2-German (1929-1953).

Institution : Academy of Sciences, USSR, Institute of Organic Chemistry

Submitted : October 7, 1952

ZARETSKAYA, I. I.

USER/Chemistry - Synthesis

Card 1/1 : Pub. 40 - 19/22

Authors : Nazarov, I. N.; Verkholetova, G. P.; Torgov, I. V.; Zaretskaya, I. I.; and Ananchenko, S. N.

Title : Synthesis of steroid compounds and their substances. Part 20. -

Periodical : Izv. AN SSSR. Otd. khim. nauk 5, 929-940, Sep-Oct 1953

Abstract : The synthesis of steroid diketones of the cis-cis series is described. The formation of three isomeric diketones, two of which have an inverted structure and are distinguished by a spatial position of substituents, is explained. The products derived from the condensation of 1-vinyl-9-methyl- Δ^1 -octalone with Δ^1 -cyclopentenone and with 1,3-dimethyl- Δ^1 -cyclopentene-4,5-dione and their characteristics, are described. Nine references: 7-USSR and 2-USA (1935-1953).

Institution : Academy of Sciences USSR, Institute of Organic Chemistry

Submitted : October 7, 1952

ZARETSKAYA, I.I.

16
Reaction mechanisms of the cyclization by means of de-
tergent. III. D. N. Kurnakov, Z. M. Pustina, I. L. Zarets-
kaya, and I. N. Nefedov. Bull. Acad. Sci. USSR
Dokl. Chem. Nauk. 1954, 77(9) (Engl. translation). See C.A.
46, 13910a

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ZARETSKAYA, L. I.

... by means of dec.

22.11. Synthesis of α , β -unsaturated α -methylsuccinic acid. The reaction of methyl α -methylsuccinate with HgCO_3I and higher ox. acids, was carried out yielding α -cyclic α , β -unsaturated α -methylsuccinic acid, m. 134°. Oxidation of this with $\text{Br}-\text{H}_2\text{O}$ gave α -dextro- α , β -dihydroxy- α , β -dimethylsuccinic acid, m. 134-5°, which retained the same m.p. of 13 as the cyclic ketone. A method for the cyclization is presented which is resistant with the sp. d. result. G. M. Kedrovoff

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